STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM						
Name of Anal	f the module/subject ytical Chemistry	В	Code 1010701231010713494			
Field of study			Profile of study (general academic, practical)	Year /Semester		
Chemical Technology			(brak)	2/3		
Elective path/specialty			Subject offered in: Polish	Course (compulsory, elective) elective		
Cycle of	study:		Form of study (full-time,part-time)			
First-cycle studies			full-time			
No. of hours				No. of credits		
Lecture: - Classes: - Laboratory: 1			Project/seminars:	- 2		
Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other) (university-wide, from another fi				field)		
Educatio		(Drak)				
Educatio	on areas and fields of sci	ence and art		and %)		
Responsible for subject / lecturer:						
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Wyo	Iział Technologii Chen	nicznej				
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Prere	quisites in term	s of knowledge, skills and	d social competencies:			
1	Knowledge	Basic knowledge of inorganic ch oxidation-reduction reactions/titra precipitate-formation titrations), a used in the chemical calculations	inorganic chemistry and analytical chemistry (acid-base reactions, reactions/titrations, complexes and complex formation titrations, o titrations), apparatus used in the chemical laboratory, mathematical tools l calculations			
2	Skills	Usage a of basic chemical appar determinations chemistry (acid- complexes and complex formatic perform basic chemical analysis, conclusions.	paratus and volumetric glassware. Student can conduct basic id-base reactions, oxidation-reduction reactions/titrations , ation titrations, precipitate-formation titrations). Student is able to sis, interprets the results of analyses and draw appropriate			
3	Social competencies	Understands the need to suppler professional competences	ands the need to supplement her/his education and increasing personal and increasing personal and			
Assumptions and objectives of the course:						
To familiarize students with the practical use of conventional techniques and methods used in gravimetric methods. Learning the proper way to conduct (methodology, precipitation technique, filtering, drying, heating the sample and weighing operations) the methods used in the laboratory.						
	Study outco	mes and reference to the	educational results for	a field of study		
Know	/ledge:					
1. student has the necessary knowledge in the field of chemistry for the understanding of phenomena and processes						
2. student has a systematic, theoretically founded general knowledge in the field of precipitation technique, filtering, drying,						
Skills	the sample and we	gning operations and determination	on of an analyte in the test sam	ipie - [. [K_W08]]		
1. Student can obtain the necessary information from the literature to conduct the gravimetric determination of an analyte in the test sample - [[K_1]01]]						
2. Student is able to perform basic chemical analysis, interprets the results of the analysis and draw appropriate conclusions - [[K_U01, K_U18, K_U21]]						
3. Student is able to work both individually and in team during the laboratory work - [[K_U02]]						
Social competencies:						
1. The	students understand t	he need for self-studying and impl	rovement of their professional	competences - [[K_K01]]		
 The student is aware of the principles of engineering ethics [[K_K03]] Students can cooperate and work in a group, taking different roles [[K_K03]] 						
o. oradonio our opporate and work in a group, taking uncreate roles [[n_noo]]						

Assessment methods of study outcomes					
Written control work .Oral and written control of the student's knowledge before the laboratory classes. Written reports of the performed exercises.					
Course description					
1 The assessment of risks occurring during the laboratory work.					
2 Preparation of the crucibles.					
3 Determination of iron and nickel					
- Separation of the iron (III) ions from nickel (II) ions using acetate method,					
- Determination iron.					
- Determination of nickel.					
4 Calculating and interpreting the results.					
Basic bibliography:					
1. D.A.Skoog, D.M. West, F.J. Holler, S.R. Crouch, Podstawy chemii analitycznej, t.1 i 2, WNT Warszawa 2006/2007					
2. J. Minczewski, Z. Marczenko, Chemia analityczna, t.1 i 2, WN PWN Warszawa 2007					
3. A. Cygański, Chemiczne metody analizy ilościowej, WNT Warszawa 2005					
4. A. Cygański, B. Ptaszyński, J. Krystek, Obliczenia w chemii analitycznej, WNT Warszawa 2004					
5. M. Wesołowski, K. Szefer, D. Zimna, Zbiór zadań z analizy chemicznej,WNT Warszawa 2002					
Additional bibliography:					
1. Z. Galus, Ćwiczenia rachunkowe z chemii analitycznej, WN PWN Warszawa 1993					
Result of average student's workload					
Activity	Time (working hours)				
1. lab consultations		3			
2. lab preparations	5				
3. laboratory classes	15				
4. credit preparation	10				
5. credit	2				
Student's workload					
Source of workload	hours	ECTS			
Total workload	35	2			
Contact hours	20	0			
Practical activities	15	0			